CSCE 330 Fall 2017 QUIZ 2 Assigned Thursday, 17-09-07

Recall the (informal) definition of logical entailment:

A collection of sentences $S_1, S_2, ..., S_n$ logically entails another sentence S if the truth of S is implicit in the truth of the S_i sentences. (Therefore, the meaning of the terms in the S_i sentences do not matter in determining whether S is logically entailed by $S_1, S_2, ..., S_n$.)

Consider the following knowledge base (KB), written as a Prolog program.

```
dog(X) :- poodle(X).
dog(X) :- collie(X).
poodle(X) :- poodle(X).
collie(fido).
```

Recall that Prolog uses back-chaining in answering queries.

1. The KB above logically entails dog(fido). True or false? Answer: True.

- 2. The query dog(fido) will not succeed. True or false? **Answer:** True.
- 3. Back-chaining is complete on Prolog KBs. True or false? **Answer:** False.